

## WASH-DOWN

Material Safety Data Sheet

### Section 1 • IDENTIFIERS

Emergency Phone: 800-535-5053

Date of Preparation: 4/15/98

### Section 2 • HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS/ SARA III INFORMATION

Reportable Components	CAS #	Vapor Pressure mm Hg @ Temp	
Trisodium Phosphate	7601-54-0	n/a	n/a
Dipropylene Glycol Methyl Ether	34590-94-8	0.1mm	68°C

No toxic chemical(s) subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 of Title III and of 40 CFR 732 are present.

### Section 3 • PHYSICAL/CHEMICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Boiling Point:	221°F
Specific Gravity:	1.05
Evaporation Rate:	Near that of water
Material V.O.C.:	.38 lb/gl
Solubility in Water:	Soluble
Appearance and Odor:	Blue color. Floral Odor

### Section 4 • FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD DATA

Flash Point:	None to boiling.
Method Used:	TCC
Extinguishing Media:	Foam, alcohol foam, CO <sub>2</sub>
Special Firefighting Procedures:	Wear NIOSH-approved, self-contained breathing apparatus with full facepiece and protective clothing to prevent contact with skin and eyes. Use water spray to cool fire-exposed containers.
Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards:	Burning can produce carbon monoxide and/or carbon dioxide. Carbon monoxide is highly toxic if inhaled. Carbon dioxide in sufficient concentrations can act as an asphyxiant.

### Section 5 • REACTIVITY DATA

Stability:	Stable.
Incompatibility:	Strong oxidizing agents such as chlorine bleach.

### Section 6 • HEALTH HAZARD DATA

Inhalation:	Spray Mist – May cause nose and throat irritation.
Eye Contact:	Causes severe eye irritation
Skin Contact:	Prolonged contact may cause defatting and irritation of the skin.
Ingestion:	Can cause gastrointestinal irritation, vomiting, nausea, and diarrhea.
Conditions Aggravated by Exposure:	Overexposure to Dipropylene Glycol Monomethyl Ether may aggravate pre-existing disorders of the kidneys.

### Emergency and First Aid Procedures

Inhalation:	Remove victim to fresh air immediately. If coughing, difficult breathing, or any other respiratory symptoms persist, seek medical attention at once.
Eye Contact:	Immediately flush with running water for at least 15 minutes, lifting eyelids periodically to remove contamination. Get immediate medical attention.
Skin Contact:	Wash thoroughly with soap and water and see a doctor if irritation persists.
Ingestion:	If swallowed, immediately give 1 or 2 glasses of water followed by citrus juice if available. Call a physician, hospital emergency room, or poison control center.

### Section 7 • PRECAUTIONS FOR SAFE HANDLING AND USE

Material Released or Spilled:	Keep spectators away. Dike and contain spill. Neutralize with baking soda to pH 6–10. Wet vac up or cover with inert material (e.g. sand, earth). Transfer to covered plastic containers for recovery or disposal. Prevent contamination of sewers, streams, and groundwater with spilled material or used absorbent.
Waste Disposal Method:	Dispose in accordance with federal, state, and local regulations for non-hazardous chemical wastes.
Handling and Storing Precautions:	Avoid prolonged or repeated skin contact. Avoid contact with eyes.
Other Precautions:	Keep out of reach of children.

continued ...

**Section 8 • CONTROL MEASURES**

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Respiratory  
Protection: Not required under normal conditions of use.  
Ventilation: General mechanical ventilation or local exhaust.  
Protective  
Gloves: Impermeable chemical handling gloves for skin protection.  
Eye  
Protection: Use chemical safety glasses.  
Other: Eyewash facility.  
Hygienic  
Practices: Wash hands after using and before smoking or eating. Avoid breathing spray mist.

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**Section 9 • DISCLAIMER**

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To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate, obtained from sources believed to be accurate.